

Arms Ordinance, a circular will be addressed to every Resident Magistrate and Justice of the Peace in the Colony, calling upon him to use his diligence to prevent and punish infringements of that Ordinance, for so long as arms are put into the hands of the Natives, it will be impossible to answer for the peace of the country.

As the disturbances at Taranaki appear to have had their origin in a dispute about the title of Land, the Land Purchase Department will be instructed to use great caution in entering into any negotiation for the purchase of land, until the views of the various Claimants shall have been ascertained.

As regards the purchase of land from the Natives, the Government is of opinion that to make Taranaki a Military Post would tend to operate unfavourably with the Natives there, and farther to indispose them to part with their land.

The least objectionable mode of providing for the safety of the Settlement appears to be by the establishment of a strong and efficient body of Armed Police, to consist, say, for the present, of from thirty to forty picked men, active, resolute, and trustworthy, to be armed in the most efficient manner, with a double-barrelled carbine, bayonet, and revolver, and already, if possible, familiar with the use of arms, so as to render unnecessary the parade of training:—the arms not to be commonly worn, the men to be selected, and the force to be raised, by the Provincial Authorities, and to act as a body of Constabulary, under their direction, in aid of the Civil Power. As the resources of the Province are insufficient to meet the expense of maintaining so large a Constabulary Force, the Government will if the Provincial Authorities desire that the Force be organised, undertake to share the expense with the Provincial Government. Such a Body would not only be very efficient in themselves, but they would form a valuable Nucleus around which the armed Settlers might rally in case of need. It would be desirable that some of the men should understand the management of a Field Piece; they would be the proper party to entrust with the custody and preservation of the Arms and Ammunition belonging to the Government; and as the Official duties of such a body would ordinarily be little more than nominal, they might be employed to a considerable extent on useful public works, and assuming such a Force to comprise a sufficient number of Seamen and Marines, they might form the Harbour Boat's Crew, &c. In the absence of an organised body to defend it, a Block House or Stockade would be of little real utility, but, if such an armed Force were

organised, it would be of importance that they should have some building, however small, on which they could fall back, and there defend themselves,—such a building might for the most part, be erected by themselves.—It would be essential that the command of such a Force should be entrusted to a Person in whose prudence and determination the Settlers would have confidence.

In conclusion, I am directed to inform your Honor that Mr. J. J. Symonds, formerly Native Secretary, has been requested to proceed, as soon as possible, to New Plymouth, and to place himself in communication with yourself and the Resident Magistrate in order to preserve peace and tranquillity amongst the Natives in New Plymouth.

I have the honor to be, &c.

ANDREW SINCLAIR

Colonial Secretary.

His Honor,  
The Superintendent,  
New Plymouth.

Resolutions of the Provincial Council adopted 1st March, 1855.

- 1st.—That this Council having taken into consideration the despatch addressed to his Honor the Superintendent by the Colonial Secretary dated 10th day February 1855, relative to stationing troops at New Plymouth, records its entire dissatisfaction with the conclusion therein announced and its denial of every argument by which it is attempted to support that conclusion.
- 2nd.—That this Council is of opinion that the expedients suggested by the Despatch for the defence of the Settlement are totally inadequate.
- 3rd.—That in the opinion of this Council the settlement is even now in imminent danger; yet as it is possible from the Native character that the crisis may be deferred, an application for protection to the Home Government is expedient.
- 4th.—That further application to the local Government of New Zealand as at present constituted being hopeless, this Council do appoint a committee, to prepare an address of remonstrance for presentation to Her Majesty.
- 5th.—That similar addresses be prepared for presentation to His Excellency Colonel Gore Browne on his assuming the Government of the Colony, and to the other Estates of the General Assembly when next convened.

ABSTRACT of REVENUE received by the General Government from the Province of New Plymouth for the Year ending 31st December 1854, and the amounts of the same paid over by the General Government to the Provincial Government.

REVENUE.	Gen. Government.	Prov. Government.
Customs .. .. .	4291 5 3	2162 8 11
Post Office .. .. .	103 3 8	12 14 6
Crown Land Sales .. .. .	3416 0 0	0 0 0
Fees, Fines, and Penalties .. .. .	135 5 10	0 0 0
Surplus Revenue .. .. .	0 0 0	330 0 0
	£7945 14 9	£2505 3 5
Paid to Provincial Government .. .. .	2505 3 5	
Retained by General Government .. .. .	£5440 11 4	

Superintendent's Office,  
6th March, 1855.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Printed by G. W. Woon for the Provincial Government.



# NEW ZEALAND GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

FOR THE

PROVINCE OF NEW PLYMOUTH.

Published by Authority.

All Public Notifications which appear in this Gazette, with any Official Signature thereunto annexed, are to be considered as Official Communications made to those persons to whom they may relate, and are to be obeyed accordingly.

CHARLES BROWN, Superintendent.

Vol. III.

NEW PLYMOUTH, THURSDAY, MARCH 15, 1855.

[No. 6.]

## PROVINCIAL COUNCIL.

THE following Memorial for presentation to Her Majesty the Queen was unanimously adopted at a sitting of the Provincial Council held 8th of March 1855, and is published for general information.

I. N. WATT,  
Speaker.

TO HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY VICTORIA, QUEEN OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND, DEFENDER OF THE FAITH, &c. &c. &c.

The Memorial of the Superintendent and Provincial Council of the Province of New Plymouth, in the colony of New Zealand.—

HUMBLY SHEWETH,

That since the beginning of the month of August, 1854, (a period of more than seven months) this Province has been the seat of serious and increasing disturbances amongst the Native Population. Upwards of twenty Natives, including a native Assessor of the Resident Magistrate, have already fallen, and many more have been wounded, in the various encounters which have recently taken place between large bodies of armed Natives within a few miles of the Town of New Plymouth. Tribe after Tribe is involved in these feuds, and our settlement seems about to become the battle-field for a large part of the Maori population.

That the Natives are fast losing the last remnant of respect for British Law. It would indeed be a great error to suppose that British law has ever been enforced against them in this part of the country. The Native has been allowed the benefit of our law against the European, but the corresponding obligations it has never in our Province

been attempted to impose upon him. Persuasion and the influence of Chiefs salaried by Government have now and then obtained an imperfect justice for the European. We have acquiesced in the inevitable evils of our position, and have been content to await the time when the Natives should be brought within the pale of our civilization. But a crisis has now occurred, and the weak pretences which covered the supremacy of the savage have been done away with. The slaughter of an Assessor, Rawiri Waihua, and his unarmed party, almost within our homesteads, has been followed by other acts of violence. Fortified Pahs are rapidly rising throughout the district. The Natives declare to us "your law is weak and we return to our old customs;" and though as yet their own people have been the only sufferers, we know not how soon it may be our turn, since the imprudence of an individual may at any moment involve our whole community.

That one of the two parties into which the Natives are divided, (commonly styled the friendly party,) claims a right to the support of the British Government. The general ground of this claim is the fact that this party has been favorable to Land Sales and the extension of the European settlements. Rawiri belonged to this side, and actually met his death whilst cutting the boundary line of a Block he was about to offer to Government with the sanction of the resident Land Purchase Commissioner. The other native party is inveterately opposed to the extension of our territory. The Officers of Government are continually solicited by the former party for supplies of arms and ammunition and threats are thrown out that if these be not given, they will be taken. They revile what they term our cowardice in leaving Rawiri unavenged. "He was one of your magistrates," they tell us "and he fell in your cause." It is certain this party if worsted, would fall back on the Town, from which the nearest of their Pahs is not distant

above two miles? In such a state of affairs we have great reason to fear that we shall shortly be dragged into the quarrel.

That the settlement is wholly without defence.—It possesses no kind of fortification, and the fire-arms supplied many years ago by Government and the New Zealand Company are inefficient. Of ammunition there is little, and that little not to be relied upon. The militia has never been embodied, and it is in the opinion of your Memorialists impossible at the present juncture to place any reliance on such a force for the defence of the settlement. Your Memorialists and their fellow-settlers are not to blame for their helpless position which has been enforced upon them by the pacific and humanely intended policy of Your Majesty's Government.

That Your Memorialists are not prepared to ask for the enforcement of British law against the warlike population of these Islands, being satisfied that even were it clearly just, the thing is quite impracticable. But Your Memorialists are of opinion that the presence of a strong body of Troops at New Plymouth has become essential to the personal safety of the settlers, and to the maintenance of that neutrality which the British Government has assumed in the native quarrels. We are indeed sensible that before this memorial can reach its destination it is quite possible that New Plymouth may have shared the fate of Kororareka. Yet though we should providentially escape the immediate danger, the causes which have produced the present crisis will all remain in active operation; and it is possible, and not indeed improbable from the Native character, that the present elements of strife may smoulder for many months ere the final outbreak. Therefore we feel we should be wanting in our duty to our constituents did we neglect to urge at the distant seat of empire our claim for help; trusting that help may reach us ere it be too late.

That there is no ground for supposing that the presence of troops at New Plymouth would have any tendency to embroil us with the Natives. Before the death of Rawiri which was the commencement of the present troubles, an application for troops was made to Government by Hone Ropiha, an assessor and a peace-loving and influential chief. He foresaw the mischief then brewing, and believed (we think truly,) that the presence of a military force would have averted it. A large body of natives would rejoice at the sight of soldiers. Others, it is true, might have a jealous feeling on the subject, but it would be easy to restore confidence by judicious explanations. Your Majesty will perceive it is unlikely we should urge measures really calculated to lead to a collision which (however it might result) would certainly occasion the destruction of the chief part of our property.

That in consequence of the disallowance of the greater part of the New Zealand Company's original purchase by Governor Fitzroy, of the extensive land purchases made in other Provinces, and of Reserves made in this Province for the natives of other districts, there has been a progressive increase of the Maori population of Taranaki. When we arrived fourteen years ago, we could not count tens where we now reckon hundreds. The action, if not the policy of the General Government has tended to concentrate upon us the Native population from all parts of New Zealand, thereby exposing us to increasing difficulty and danger, whilst the other Provinces are proportionably relieved.—Thus we have a special claim to protection.

That it having been alleged that the country about New Plymouth is peculiarly unfavorable for military operations Your Memorialists, (without pretending to any military knowledge,) do most unhesitatingly declare their belief that the contrary is the fact; and that the levels of Taranaki are vastly more favorable for the movement of regular

troops than most districts of New Zealand, and certainly much more so than any field in which Europeans have hitherto been opposed to Maories.

That a Garrison at New Plymouth with a few field pieces would have at command all the Pahs and native cultivations between this and the Waitara, and would thereby afford us the surest guarantee of peace with a people who are well able to compute forces, and (for barbarians) are singularly fond of property, and the possessors of a large amount of it.

That the General Government of New Zealand has been kept constantly informed on the subject of this Memorial, and is well aware of our sentiments, but has hitherto declined to take any step for the succour of the settlement either by a supply of efficient arms, or by sending troops. It is not possible here to discuss the reasons alleged for the continued refusal of troops. We can only say, that to us they appear wholly insufficient, and nothing but the respect due to your Majesty's Representative prevents us from characterizing them in more forcible terms.

That your Memorialists do not impute to those at whose disposal the Military force of this Colony is at present placed, a conscious actuation by improper motives. Time and patience have caused many Native difficulties to disappear; and in our case there may be enough to justify a public man with little knowledge of Native character in yielding to a belief of our security, which on other grounds it is convenient to entertain. But we must be allowed to deplore the undue influence which local interests have, as we believe, been suffered to acquire in the conduct of the affairs of this Colony.

That various measures for the safety of the settlement suggested by His Excellency through the Colonial Secretary and by Mr. McLean, have been considered by your Memorialists and appear to us either impracticable or inadequate. On the calling out of the Militia suggested by Mr. McLean, we have already expressed an opinion. Another suggestion is the embodiment of a Native Force. A knowledge of the Natives of this district assures us that the experiment would be a very dangerous one. We are unable to preserve discipline amongst our small force of Native Police, and should consider an armed body of Natives more dangerous to ourselves than to the enemy, except indeed as allies of an European force. Moreover the connection of the various members of such a force with one or other of the native parties in the present warfare would be likely to compromise ourselves. We cannot pass without remark His Excellency's main suggestion that our Police Force be increased to 30 or 40 men to be armed with carbines and revolvers. We do not intend to deny the efficiency of such a Force composed of men acquainted with the country and (as His Excellency has suggested) previously used to arms. But the number named betrays in our judgement a wonderful misapprehension of the actual exigency. Indeed in another Despatch of the Colonial Secretary, His Excellency states from 300 to 500 troops as what might be required. Nor are we even told where we are to enlist 40 men of the kind required.

That the reality of our danger is undisputed. It has been urged on the Government by the Chief Land Purchase Commissioner Mr. McLean to whose Report on the subject made to His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government and accompanying this Memorial we respectfully beg to refer Your Majesty. Most of your Memorialists are old settlers habituated to the ways of the Maories. That we have maintained our ground in Taranaki under great discouragement from a Native opposition, fostered rather than checked by the early Governors of the Colony, is proof that we are not subject to vain terror, and that our present application to Your Majesty is worthy of regard. That your Memorialists are convinced that un-

less a considerable military force be for some years maintained in New Zealand and especially in districts like Taranaki where a large Native population is in contact with a British Settlement, another costly and deplorable war with the Aboriginal race will be ultimately inevitable. We beseech Your Majesty not to be misled by flattering accounts of Native progress into the belief that the New Zealander is a civilised man. The progress made (often we regret to believe more apparent than real) cannot be secured if your British subjects are left at the mercy of semi-savages. Maintain for a time that display of strength which has hitherto ensured some respect for the British power, and it will we believe at no distant date become unnecessary.—Withdraw it prematurely, and Your Majesty may witness in this part of Your Majesty's Dominions calamities as great as those which have recently occurred under British rule in South Africa. Savages despise the weak—we have fallen into contempt; and those who have become contemptible are no longer safe.

Your Memorialists therefore pray that Your Majesty will be pleased to cause an efficient Garrison to be posted at Taranaki for the defence of the Settlers. And we further pray Your Majesty will be pleased not to reduce the military force at present in these Islands unless indeed the requirements of the righteous warfare in which Your Majesty and the Empire are already engaged should unhappily render it absolutely necessary to recall Troops. And your Memorialists will ever pray &c.

#### NOTICE.

IN compliance with the 7th of the following Resolutions they are hereby published for general information.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
15th March, 1855.

PASSED unanimously at a Public Meeting held at the Masonic Hall on Saturday, 10th March, 1855.

"That this Meeting having taken into consideration the Despatch of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary of 10th February, in reply to two memorials addressed by the inhabitants of this Province to His Excellency the Governor; and considering also the ample information laid before His Excellency by His Honor the Superintendent and the Provincial Council of

New Plymouth and by Mr Commissioner McLean, expresses its deep regret that no steps have been taken by the Government to protect the lives and properties of the settlers of New Plymouth endangered by the hostile attitude and lawless condition of the native population.

"That in the opinion of this meeting the Government project of entrusting the defence of this settlement to a Militia and Armed Police Force not yet organised is not only illusive, impracticable, and wholly inadequate, but would inevitably ensure the most disastrous results in the event of a collision with the natives."

"That in the opinion of this meeting the expedients suggested by the Government are not of the slightest practical utility—that they would tend to bring the Government into still greater contempt with the natives, and wholly destroy what little may yet remain of respect for British authority."

"That the present unsettled condition of the native population is mainly attributable to the policy pursued by the Government of purchasing from the scattered tribes of Taranaki their claims to land in other parts of the colony, thus rendering inevitable the return of such tribes to this district, and compromising the safety of the Province."

"That so far from the presence of a Military force preventing the acquirement of fresh tracts of land from the Natives, it would on the contrary materially accelerate it as those who are now willing to sell are overawed by those who are opposed to any further sale of land."

"That in the opinion of this meeting the presence of a Military force would not only provide for the present safety of the Resident and encourage the location of new settlers, but ensure such deference on the part of the natives to constituted authority as would eventually prevent any future embarrassments."

"That the chairman be instructed to forward a copy of the resolutions passed at this meeting to His Honor the Superintendent requesting him to publish the same in the 'Government Gazette' of the Province."

"That a Committee consisting of Messrs R. Brown, I. N. Watt, and T. King be appointed to draw up a Memorial on the subject of the above Resolutions to His Excellency Colonel Gore Brown."

"That this Meeting do adopt the address to Her Majesty of the Superintendent and Provincial Council which has been read by the chairman at the commencement of this Meeting."



NEW ZEALAND  
GOVERNMENT GAZETTE  
FOR THE  
PROVINCE OF NEW PLYMOUTH.

Published by Authority.

All Public Notifications which appear in this Gazette, with any Official Signature thereunto annexed, are to be considered as Official Communications made to those persons to whom they may relate, and are to be obeyed accordingly.

CHARLES BROWN, Superintendent.

VOL. III. NEW PLYMOUTH, SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1855. [No. 7.]

Post Office, New Plymouth,  
18th April, 1855.

New Plymouth, 7th April, 1855.

NOTICE is hereby given for general information, that arrangements have been made to open branch Post Offices at the Bell Block and at Omata.

Sir,—I am directed to acquaint you that it is with extreme regret the Officer administering the Government finds that his unwearyed exertions during his sojourn in Taranaki have failed to secure that happy result (so earnestly aimed at from a visit to this settlement) on the minds of the surrounding natives connected with the feud that has so long been existing amongst them.

Mr. ROBERT SUNLEY has been approved of as District Postmaster for the Bell Block, and Mr. JOHN GULLY as District Postmaster for Omata.

At one time he was in hopes, by the support of the bulk of the chiefs, to have arrived at a conclusion that would have been satisfactory to all; but the absence of a feeling of subordination or deference to the British supremacy on the part of a few, has convinced His Excellency that any prolonged exertions on his part would only lessen the influence the European Authorities ought to possess. And whilst he much laments this conclusion he has the satisfaction of having ascertained from personal enquiry that the reports made by yourself and the Resident Magistrate have been fully borne out, and that the present state of the settlement of Taranaki is one calling for the serious and earnest consideration of the fostering care of the Imperial Government.

Mails will be interchanged between this Office and the District Offices on every Tuesday and Friday.

The first Mails under this arrangement will be despatched from this Office at Three o'clock on Friday the 20th instant.

Persons residing in the Omata District, (which is considered to commence at the Herekaia River,) who may not be desirous that their letters shall be forwarded to the District Office, are requested to make their wishes known at this Office.

W. LEECH,  
Postmaster.

Superintendent's Office,  
21st April, 1855.

THE following Despatches from His Excellency's Private Secretary are published for general information.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

During His Excellency's stay, no time has been lost to meet any emergency, and while contemplating a negotiation with the

contending Natives, steps have also been taken to prepare for Military occupation. His Excellency will consider it his duty to represent to the coming Governor, and also to the General Commanding in chief the urgent necessity which appears to him to exist for a Force being stationed at Taranaki, such as may not only protect the European inhabitants, but support the British authority.

With this feeling His Excellency feels the propriety of stationing in the Province of New Plymouth a considerable detachment of Troops (considerable in reference to the force detailed for the colony) which coupled with local exertions may in his estimation be sufficient to secure the object in view. If therefore a detachment of 300 men, supported by guns, can be supplied for this post it will be the duty, as he believes it will be the disposition of the inhabitants, (under the peculiar position of the Mother country) to lend their cordial aid by the formation of a local corps, for the arming of which he will use his utmost endeavours to secure the necessary supply of weapons and ammunition, provided such a force be placed under the authority and command of an Officer enjoying the confidence of the General Government. I am to add that His Excellency will be pleased to receive from you a nominal return of such settlers as may wish to enrol themselves for the sake of self preservation, and for the purpose of acting in conjunction with Her Majesty's Forces when placed in position, and for which purpose no unnecessary time will be lost, although this moment may be considered most unfortunate—a moment when the Military in New Zealand are undergoing a change in disposition, although not in actual numbers.

A copy of this communication, as also a copy of His Excellency's enquiries during his stay in Taranaki, will be furnished to the Secretary of State, and laid before the new Governor on his arrival, and I am directed to add that any suggestions the constituted authorities of New Plymouth may be disposed to introduce to his notice shall meet with his best consideration.

His Excellency, from his enquiries, does not apprehend any immediate annoyance to the inhabitants from the existing state of things, although at the same time he thinks it advisable to leave his admonition that the Europeans should studiously avoid all interference whatever with the differences existing between the Natives, in order that they may have no cause whatever to justify any, the slightest, molestation.

The feeling of the inhabitants has so far merited his highest approval, and from their display of forbearance he attributes the all but universal attachment of the Natives to the settlers on the soil from whom they de-

rive so many and such substantial advantages.

His Excellency has requested me to draw your special notice to the cordial support and candid information he has, during his sojourn received from Tahana, Raniera, and Tamati Wiremu, Native Assessors, in whom the utmost confidence he considers may be placed.

He also wishes me to remark that the feelings of William King have been decidedly for peace, and for the preservation of a good understanding with the Europeans; and that even Katatore has been anxious to assist him in his undertaking so far as to relinquish to the Crown the boundary in dispute up to the Mangoraka River. Ihaia has also evinced his desire for peace, thus reducing the numbers positively inimical to an adjustment, to a few in the Hua Pah, with whom, however, Arama Karaka has now announced his disposition to unite.

I have the honor to be, &c.

(Signed) J. J. TRAVERS,  
To His Honor Private Secretary.  
The Superintendent,  
New Plymouth.

New Plymouth, April 10, 1855.

Sir,—I am directed by His Excellency to express, on leaving Taranaki, his sense of the welcome and courteous attention he has received from you and several of the inhabitants during his sojourn in the settlement; and he requests you will receive his assurance to forward as far as lies in his power the advancement, security, and prosperity of this promising Province.

I have the honor to be, &c.

(Signed) J. J. TRAVERS,  
His Honor The Superintendent.  
Private Secretary.

Superintendent's Office,  
21st April, 1855.

**H**IS Excellency the Officer administering the Government having requested to be supplied with a nominal return of such settlers as may wish to enrol themselves in a local corps for the purpose of acting in conjunction with Her Majesty's Forces when placed in position, the Superintendent calls on the settlers of the Province to enrol themselves and support the Government of the colony, on the grounds so forcibly stated in the preceding Despatch of His Excellency's Private Secretary of the 7th instant. The Superintendent will submit the following propositions for the approval of His Excellency.

The Officer in command of the Corps shall be appointed by the Governor and shall exercise the same authority as a similar position would confer in Her Majesty's Forces.

The Corps shall consist of a

Rifle Company,  
New Plymouth Company,  
Omata Company,  
Grey Company,  
Bell Company.

Each Company to elect its own officers and frame its own regulations subject to approval.

Settlers who enrol at the present time, or on arrival in the Province, to be exempt from Militia service—And also that the Militia be forthwith embodied.

Volunteers for the Rifle Corps are requested to apply to the Rifle Corps Committee.

For the Omata Company can enrol their names at the District Post Office, Omata.

For the New Plymouth Company—will be enrolled by Mr. Hughes, Brougham-street.

For the Grey Company—will be enrolled by Mr Hughes, Brougham-street.

For the Bell Company—will be enrolled at the District Post Office, Bell Block.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

#### NOTICE.

Superintendent's Office,  
21st April, 1855.

**I** HEREBY NOTIFY that the under-mentioned Rural Lands will be put up to Auction at the Crown Lands' Office, New Plymouth, on Saturday the 23rd day of June, 1855, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be deposited at the sale, and the remainder paid within one month, or the deposit forfeited.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

#### LANDS REFERRED TO.

Rural Sections.

Grey District.

Lot.	Section.	Contents.		Upset price.
		A.	R. P.	
1	782	66	more or less	£90
2	782b.	8	more or less	£12

#### NOTICE.

Crown Lands' Office,  
New Plymouth, 21st April, 1855.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Surveys between the Henui and the Western boundary of the Omata Block having been completed, sales of land in the Omata district between the above limits will be resumed on and after Wednesday the 2nd of May, 1855.

W. HALSE,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

**I**N exercise of the power in me vested for this purpose by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 2, No. 9, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the maintenance of Public Works within the Province of

New Plymouth"—I hereby appoint that an Instalment of one-fourth of the amount of the Rate of One Shilling and sixpence per acre imposed under the authority of the said Ordinance on all lands within the Second District by the General Meeting for the said District convened and held for the purposes of the said Ordinance on the 24th day of February last shall be due and payable to the Provincial Treasurer at his Office in the Town of New Plymouth on Monday the 7th day of May next. And a further instalment of one-fourth of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said Office on Monday the 4th day of June next.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
21st April, 1855.

**I**N exercise of the power in me vested for this purpose by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 2, No. 9, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the maintenance of Public Works within the Province of New Plymouth"—I hereby appoint that an Instalment of one-fourth of the amount of the Rate of One Shilling per acre imposed under the authority of the said Ordinance on all lands within the Third District by the General Meeting for the said District convened and held for the purposes of the said Ordinance on the 24th day of February last shall be due and payable to the Provincial Treasurer at his office in the Town of New Plymouth on Monday the 7th day of May next. And a further instalment of one fourth of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 4th day of June next.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
21st April, 1855.

**I**N exercise of the power in me vested for this purpose by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 2, No. 9, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the maintenance of Public Works within the Province of New Plymouth"—I hereby appoint that an instalment of one-fourth of the amount of the Rate of One Shilling per acre imposed under the authority of the said Ordinance on all lands within the Fourth District by the General Meeting for the said District, convened and held for the purposes of the said Ordinance on the 24th day of February last shall be due and payable to the Provincial Treasurer at his Office in the Town of New Plymouth on Monday the 7th day of May next. And a further instalment of one-fourth of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 4th day of June next.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
21st April, 1855.

145

146



# NEW ZEALAND GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

FOR THE  
PROVINCE OF NEW PLYMOUTH.

Published by Authority.

*All Public Notifications which appear in this Gazette, with any Official Signature thereunto annexed, are to be considered as Official Communications made to those persons to whom they may relate, and are to be obeyed accordingly.*

CHARLES BROWN, Superintendent.

VOL. III. NEW PLYMOUTH, WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1855. [No. 8.]

**I**N exercise of the power for this purpose in me vested by an Ordinance of the Superintendent and Provincial Council of the Province of New Plymouth, passed in the first Session of the said Council, intitled "An Ordinance to regulate the expenditure of money applicable to the promotion of Immigration," I notify that the subjoined Regulation having been submitted to and approved of by the said Provincial Council, is and shall be in force for the purposes of the said Ordinance.

Given under my hand at New Plymouth, this 12th day of May, 1855.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Further Regulation for the expenditure of money applicable to Immigration from Melbourne in the Colony of Victoria:

6. Immigrants may be relieved of all liability on account of their Promissory Notes on paying half the amount of their passage money to the Provincial Treasurer within six calendar months from their arrival in the Province.

### NOTICE.

Superintendent's Office,  
May 12, 1855.

**I**N exercise of the powers in me vested for this purpose I hereby appoint the En-

closure abutting on Gill-street between Lizardet-street and Gover-street to be a Public Pound. And I hereby appoint

JOHN DUNN,  
to be Keeper of such Pound.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

### TENDERS FOR THE ERECTION OF A CUSTOM HOUSE.

**T**ENDERS will be received at this Office until Noon of Friday the 1st day of June now next ensuing, for the erection of a Building for the purposes of a Custom House.

Information respecting the size and other particulars may be obtained at the Custom House.

The Tenders are to be accompanied by Plans and specifications, to state a time within which the work is to be completed after the signature of the contract, and to contain the name of at least one surety for the due performance of the contract.

Tenders to specify, separately, the rates, whether the Building shall be covered with shingles or slates.

W. LEECH,  
Collector.  
Custom House,  
New Plymouth, 12th May, 1855.

Printed by G. W. Woon for the Provincial Government.

147

148



# NEW ZEALAND GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

FOR THE

PROVINCE OF NEW PLYMOUTH.

Published by Authority.

*All Public Notifications which appear in this Gazette, with any Official Signature thereunto annexed, are to be considered as Official Communications made to those persons to whom they may relate, and are to be obeyed accordingly.*

*CHARLES BROWN, Superintendent.*

Vol. III.

NEW PLYMOUTH, WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 1855.

[No. 9.]

## HARBOUR DEPARTMENT.

Superintendent's Office,  
29th May, 1855.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the use of the Boats of the Harbour Department will be withheld from vessels arriving from other Colonies the duties on the inward cargoes of which are not paid at this Port,

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

## NOTICE.

**W**E, the Undersigned, give Notice that we have this day dissolved Partnership.

G. CURTIS,  
I. NEWTON WATT.

New Plymouth, 30th April, 1855.

149

150



# NEW ZEALAND GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

FOR THE  
PROVINCE OF NEW PLYMOUTH.

Published by Authority.

*All Public Notifications which appear in this Gazette, with any Official Signature thereunto annexed, are to be considered as Official Communications made to those persons to whom they may relate, and are to be obeyed accordingly.*

CHARLES BROWN, Superintendent.

Vol. III. NEW PLYMOUTH, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 9, 1855. [No. 10.]

### SECOND DISTRICT.

#### NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

IN exercise of the power in me vested for this purpose by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 2, No. 9, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the maintenance of Public Works within the Province of New Plymouth"—I hereby appoint that a third instalment of one-fourth of the amount of the Rate of One Shilling and sixpence per acre imposed under the authority of the said Ordinance on all lands within the Second District by the General Meeting for the said district convened and held for the purposes of the said Ordinance on the 24th day of February last shall be due and payable to the Provincial Treasurer at his office in the Town of New Plymouth on Monday the 2nd day of July next. And a fourth instalment of one-fourth of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said Office on Monday the 6th day of August next.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
8th June, 1855.

### THIRD DISTRICT.

#### NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

IN exercise of the power in me vested for this purpose by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 2, No. 9, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the maintenance of Public Works within the Province of New Plymouth"—I hereby appoint that a third Instalment of one-fourth of the amount of the Rate of One Shilling per acre imposed under the authority of the said Ordinance on all lands within the Third District by the General Meeting for the said District convened and held for the purposes of the said Ordinance on the 24th day of February last shall be due and payable to the Provincial Treasurer at his office in the Town of New Plymouth on Monday the 2nd July next. And the fourth instalment of one fourth of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 6th day of August next.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
8th June, 1855.

## FOURTH DISTRICT.

## NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

IN exercise of the power in me vested for this purpose by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 2, No. 9, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the maintenance of Public Works within the Province of New Plymouth"—I hereby appoint that a third instalment of one-fourth of the amount of the Rate of One Shilling per acre imposed under the authority of the said Ordinance on all lands within the Fourth District by the General Meeting for the said District, convened and held for the purposes of the said Ordinance on the 24th day of February last shall be due and payable to the Provincial Treasurer at his Office in the Town of New Plymouth on Monday the 2nd day of July next. And the fourth instalment of one fourth of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 6th day of August next.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
8th June, 1855.

## S. XTH DISTRICT.

## NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

IN exercise of the power in me vested for this purpose by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 2, No. 9, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the maintenance of Public Works within the Province of New Plymouth"—I hereby appoint that the first instalment of one-third of the amount of the Rate of One Shilling per acre imposed under the authority of the said Ordinance on all lands within the Sixth District by the General Meeting for the said District, convened and held for the purposes of the said Ordinance on the 23rd day of February last shall be due and payable to the Provincial Treasurer at his Office in the Town of New Plymouth on Monday the 2nd day of July next. A second instalment of one-third of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 6th day of August next. And the third and last instalment of one-third of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 3rd day of September next.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
8th June, 1855.

## SEVENTH DISTRICT.

## NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

IN exercise of the power in me vested for this purpose by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 2, No. 9, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the maintenance of Public Works within the Province of New Plymouth"—I hereby appoint that the first instalment of one-third of the amount of the Rate of Three-pence per acre imposed under the authority of the said Ordinance on all lands within the Seventh District by the

adjourned General Meeting for the said District, convened and held for the purposes of the said Ordinance on the 2nd day of March last shall be due and payable to the Provincial Treasurer at his Office in the Town of New Plymouth on Monday the 2nd day of July next. A second instalment of one-third of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 6th day of August next. And the third and last instalment of one-third of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 3rd day of September next.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
8th June, 1855.

## EIGHTH DISTRICT.

## NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

IN exercise of the power in me vested for this purpose by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 2, No. 9, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the maintenance of Public Works within the Province of New Plymouth"—I hereby appoint that the first instalment of one-third of the amount of the Rate of Three-pence per acre imposed under the authority of the said Ordinance on all lands within the Eighth District by the General Meeting for the said District, convened and held for the purposes of the said Ordinance on the 24th day of February last shall be due and payable to the Provincial Treasurer on Monday the 2nd day of July next. A second instalment of one-third of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 6th day of August next. And the third and last instalment of one-third of the said Rate shall be due and payable to the said Treasurer at his said office on Monday the 3rd day of September next.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
8th June, 1855.

## NOTICE.

## TOWN POUND.

WHEREAS by the Ordinance of the Province, Session 1, No. 8, intituled "An Ordinance to authorise and regulate the Impounding of Cattle and to provide for the summary recovery of compensation for damage done by cattle trespassing" it is enacted that certain Notices for the purposes of the said Ordinance should be posted in some conspicuous place to be appointed for that purpose by the Superintendent in the vicinity of each Pound—Now I do hereby appoint and notify that, as respects the Town Pound, the place for posting any Notice required by the said Ordinance to be posted in the vicinity thereof, shall be the side of the Pound in which the gate is.

CHARLES BROWN,  
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,  
8th June, 1855.



# NEW ZEALAND GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

FOR THE  
PROVINCE OF NEW PLYMOUTH.

Published by Authority.

All Public Notifications which appear in this Gazette, with any Official Signature thereunto annexed, are to be considered as Official Communications made to those persons to whom they may relate, and are to be obeyed accordingly.

CHARLES BROWN, Superintendent.

Vol. III. NEW PLYMOUTH, SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1855. [No. 11.]

THE EIGHTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF HER MAJESTY  
QUEEN VICTORIA.

SESSION II., No. 14.

AN ORDINANCE  
FOR TAKING AN ANNUAL CENSUS OF THE PROVINCE OF NEW  
PLYMOUTH.

## Analysis.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| Title.  | oil empowered to vary form of Return papers, but the same are always to contain all information required by this Ordinance. |
| Preamble.   |   |
| 1. Census to be taken annually.                                 |   |
| 2. Superintendent to appoint Collectors.                        |   |
| 3. Return papers to be left at every house and filled up.       | 7. Penalty on refusal or neglect by Householders duly to fill up Return papers.   |
| 4. Return papers to be collected and necessary questions asked. | 8. Superintendent to forward information obtained to Governor.  |
| 5. Form of Return papers.                                       |   |
| 6. Superintendent with consent of Provincial Council.           | 9. Census Ordinance (Legislative Council, Session XI, No. 8) not to be interfered with.                                     |

AN ORDINANCE for taking an Annual  
Census of the Province of New Plymouth.

Whereas it is expedient that provision be made for taking an annual Census of the Province of New Plymouth.

Be it therefore enacted by the Superintendent of the Province of New Plymouth with the advice and consent of the Provincial Council thereof as follows:—

1. An Annual Census of the number and